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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/131,744	08/10/1998	NORIBUMI KOITABASHI	884.2742	884.2742 8265	
5514	7590 12/12/2001				
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO			EXAMINER		
30 ROCKEFE NEW YORK,	LLER PLAZA NY 10112			GRENDZYNSKI, MICHAEL E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1774	9 \	
			DATE MAILED: 12/12/2001	2	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	•				
Advisory Action	09/131,744	KOITABASHI ET AL	••				
Auvisory Action	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Michael E. Grendzynski	1774					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover she t with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 13 November 2001 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appears Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	void abandonment of this appliced in the subject of this application in the subject of the subje	cation. A proper rep ch places the appli	oly to a cation in				
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]						
<ul> <li>a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of</li> <li>b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advevent, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f).</li> </ul>	isory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THI	f the final rejection. E FINAL REJECTION. S	See MPEP				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The danave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exten 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three mosearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	sion and the corresponding amount of the I statutory period for reply originally set in	efee. The appropriate ex the final Office action; or	tension fee under (2) as set forth in				
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.							
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:							
<ul><li>(a) ☐ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);</li></ul>							
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);							
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or							
<ul><li>(d) ☐ they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.</li><li>NOTE:</li></ul>							
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 35 USC 112 par 2.							
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	I be allowable if submitted in a s	separate, timely file	d amendment				
5. ☐ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☐ request for application in condition for allowance because: See		sidered but does No	OT place the				
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered be raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	cause it is not directed SOLELY	to issues which we	ere newly				
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendmen explanation of how the new or amended claims w			and an				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows	:						
Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: 1-7 and 9/1.							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 8 and 9/2.							
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is	s a)□ approved or b)□ disap	proved by the Exar	niner.				
☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)( PTO-1449) Paper No(s)							
0.⊠ Other: See Attached Notice of References Cited							

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Examiner thanks applicants for pointed out that processing liquids are known in the art to be both chromatic and achromatic. This rejection is withdrawn.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claim 1 remains rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shioya, and claims 1-7 and 9/1 2. remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shioya in view of Inui. Applicants argue that Shioya fails to disclose the claimed Ka or ts values. With respect to the ts value, Shioya discloses a ts value as claimed by applicants. Specifically, Shioya discloses that the ink and the processing liquid are mixed together, either on the surface of or at a position penetrating the printing medium. See col 8, 1128-32. That is, the ink is placed on the medium, is left to penetrate the medium for a discernable time value, and then is printed with the processing liquid. With regard to the Ka values, these values are inherent in all liquids. These values, moreover, are known in the art to control such properties as feathering or bleeding. See Kimura (US 5955515) at col. 3, 1 40 through col. 4, 1 26 or Koike (US 5614931) at col. 1, 11 16-57 and col. 3, 1 10 through col. 4 1 38)1. Though Shioya does not disclose a preferred Ka values, it is a known value one of ordinary skill in the art readily appreciates. It is a conventional concern; consequently, it would obvious to optimize the Ka values. The specification, moreover, does not appear to provide evidence that by maintaining the Ka values with the claimed ranges, a result-effective parameter results. Applicants are encouraged to provide evidence of result effectiveness--the experimental modification of this prior art in order to ascertain optimum operating conditions fails to render applicants' claims patentable in the absence of unexpected results. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233. A prima facie case of obviousness may be rebutted, however, where the results of the optimizing variable, which is known to be result-effective, are unexpectedly good. In re Boesch and Slaney, 205 USPQ 215. To date, this burden has not been sustained.

With regard to Inui, applicants argue that examiner has not provided requisite evidence showing why it would be desirable to use its heating step in the method of Shioya. It is the examiner's position that the requisite evidence has been provided. Inui, as already made of record, discloses that it is *known* in the art to provide the step

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of heating the ink once it has been ejected on to a recording medium in order to control the penetration of the ink, and consequently, its bleeding. As such, it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill the art to heat any and all liquids where degree of penetration is a concern. Shioya, moreover, is concerned with the quality of the printed image—avoiding feathering and bleeding. See col 1, ll 54-67. Inui, as mentioned above, teaches it is known to accelerate the drying of the ink via heating, stating such a heating step "is effective for the preventing the bleeding of ink." See col. 2, ll 29-31. One skilled in the art, then, would readily appreciate the step of heating a liquid used in

Conclusion

an ink jet recording process—including the process disclosed by Shioya—to prevent the bleeding the liquid.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael E. Grendzynski whose telephone number is 703-305-0593. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays, from 9:00 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on 703-308-0449. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-5408 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3599.

Michael E. Grendzynski
Assistant Examiner
November 28, 2001

BRUCE H. HESS PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1300

Bune Jose

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Both Kimura and Koike are cited as teaching references of an outstanding rejection, i.e., further explaining that Ka values are a conventional concern in the art. These are not cited as a new rejection or a new line of reasoning.